

Torque Wrench Adapter, 08-0134

The Motion Pro torque adapter wrench is designed to be used with a torque wrench to accurately tighten the cylinder base nuts on two-stroke engines that you cannot reach with a socket wrench.

How to use the Torque Adapter Wrench:

When you mount the adapter onto a torque wrench, it effectively lengthens the torque wrench. Therefore, the torque value set on the torque wrench will not be the actual torque that you apply to the fastener. Before using the torque adapter, you must recalculate the torque specification listed in the engine's service manual. To recalculate your torque wrench when using the Motion Pro adapter, use the extension formula included with these instructions.

TORQUE ADAPTER EXTENSION FORMULA

To recalculate a torque specification when using the Motion Pro Torque Adaptor, use the following formula:

Corrected torque reading = $\frac{\text{Torque required} \times \text{wrench length}}{\text{Wrench length} + \text{extension length}}$

$R = \frac{T \times L}{L + A}$	T =	Actual torque reading as listed in the service manual.
	L =	Torque wrench lever length. This is the lever length of your torque wrench — center of grip to center of drive (see drawing). Refer to the instruction sheet that came with you torque wrench on how to determine this length.
	A =	Torque adapter extension length. When using the Motion Pro Torque Adapter, the torque adapter length is 3 inches (see note below).
	R =	Corrected torque reading (indicated torque value to set on torque wrench).



NOTE: When using 3 inches for distance "A", torque wrench and torque adapter must be in line. If the adapter is positioned at an angle to the torque wrench, distance "A" will be decreased. When the adapter is at a 90-degree angle to the torque wrench, distance "A" will be equal to zero (0).

Example: To tighten an engine's cylinder base nuts to 20 ft.-lb. with the torque adapter, and a torque wrench with a lever length of 12 inches, compute the extension formula as follows:

1. List all of the known formula variables:

$T = 20 \text{ ft.-lb.}$ (actual torque specification)
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$L = 12 \text{ in.}$ (torque wrench lever length)

$A = 3 \text{ in.}$ (torque adapter extension length)

2. Plug-in each of the formula variables into the extension formula:

$R = \frac{T \times L}{L + A} = \frac{20 \times 12}{12 + 3}$
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3. Thus, you can solve the formula as follows:

$R = \frac{20 \times 12}{12 + 3} = \frac{240}{15} = 16 \text{ ft.-lb.}$

Solution: In this example, your torque wrench would register 16 ft.-lb., but the cylinder base nuts would be tightened to 20 ft.-lb.